# Statewide 911 Board

Financial Statements with Additional Information

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors of Statewide 911 Board

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Statewide 911 Board, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of revenues, expenditures, changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Statewide 911 Board as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Statewide 911 Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Statewide 911 Board's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Statewide 911 Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Statewide 911 Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the retirement plan schedule of proportionate share of pension liability and schedule of contributions on pages 13-14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial report for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required additional information in accordance with government auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of

management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during out audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information as the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Letter on Compliance with Indiana Code 36, Article 8, Chapter 16.7, Section 37, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Statewide 911 Board collects, disburses and uses the Statewide 911 fee assessed under Indiana Code Title 36, Article 8, Chapter 16.7, Section 37. Our opinion is not modified with respect the Statewide 911 Board's compliance with this state statute.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated December 12, 2023 on our consideration of Statewide 911 Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

LWG CPAs & Advisors Indianapolis, Indiana December 12, 2023

ZWK CPls & advisors

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	_	2022
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Other receivables Capital assets  TOTAL ASSETS	\$	35,418,206 9,025,943 123,143 255,675 53,534 44,876,501	\$ -	33,201,867 9,130,390 111,532 - 26,431 42,470,220
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Pension expense - outflow	Marine Control	97,094	_	80,866
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		97,094	_	80,866
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Accrued Hold Harmless distributions Accrued 90/10 distributions Net pension liability		1,946,942 10,129,683 12,317,633 159,269		1,660,679 10,129,683 10,966,649 59,871
TOTAL LIABILITIES		24,553,527	_	22,816,882
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Pension expense - inflow		14,127		106,960
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		14,127	-	106,960
NET POSITION				
Restricted		20,405,941	_	19,627,244
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	20,405,941	\$	19,627,244

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		A	mou	int	Percer			
	_	2023		2022	2023	2022		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Wireless fees	\$	61,626,794	\$	57,488,432	66.3	61.9		
Landline fees	Ψ	6,821,000	Ψ	8,651,743	7.3	9.3		
VOIP fees		9,671,267		10,614,826	10.4	11.4		
Prepaid fees		14,842,493		15,477,461	16.0	16.7		
Lifeline fees		9,727		9,313	0.0	0.0		
Grant income		_		678,645	0.0	0.7		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	92,971,281		92,920,420	100.0	100.0		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Hold harmless distribution		60,778,104		60,778,104	65.4	65.4		
90/10 distribution		12,317,633		10,966,649	13.2	11.8		
Operating expense		19,089,575		19,630,393	20.6	21.1		
Grant expense		-		678,378	0.0	0.7		
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	7,762		8,631	0.0	0.0		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	92,193,074		92,062,155	99.2	99.0		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_	778,207		858,265	0.8	1.0		
OTHER INCOME / (EXPENSE)								
Other income/expense		490		(767)	0.0	0.0		
Interest income	-	-		266	0.0	0.0		
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	_	490		(501)	0.0	0.0		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		778,697		857,764	0.8	1.0		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	19,627,244		18,769,480				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$_	20,405,941	\$_	19,627,244				

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_	
Cash received from customers	\$	93,075,728	\$	92,667,733
Cash paid for PSAP distributions and operations		(90,825,014)		(95,073,396)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES		2,250,714	_	(2,405,663)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of equipment		(34,865)		(3,819)
Other receipts and payments - nonoperating		490		(501)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING				
ACTIVITIES		(34,375)		(4,320)
		<u> </u>		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		2,216,339		(2,409,983)
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CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,201,867		35,611,850
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$	35,418,206	\$_	33,201,867
DECONOR LATION OF CHANCE DANGE AGREG TO NET				
RECONCILIATION OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income	\$	778,207	\$	858,265
Non-cash items	Ψ	776,207	Ψ	636,203
Depreciation and amortization		7,762		8,631
Decrease (increase) in assets		7,702		0,031
Accounts receivable		104,447		(252,687)
Prepaid expenses		(11,611)		(23,787)
Other receivables		(255,675)		630,000
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(200,070)		32 3,0 3 3
Net pension liability		99,398		(77,557)
Net deferred inflow (outflow)		(109,061)		33,744
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		286,263		(3,110,483)
PSAP distributions payable		1,350,984		(471,789)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING		<del></del>	_	
ACTIVITIES	\$	2,250,714	\$_	(2,405,663)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022** 

# (1) Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant policies followed by the Statewide 911 Board ("the Board") are summarized as follows:

<u>Organization</u> – The Board was created under the applicable State of Indiana statutes. It exists as a separate body constituting an instrumentality for public purposes set forth in the statutes.

<u>Nature of operations</u> – The purpose of the Statewide 911 Board is to ensure the safekeeping of funds to be used in the implementation of Statewide 911 Services.

<u>Fees</u> – Communication Services Providers who are authorized to offer communication services to customers and/or users of the service in the State of Indiana are required to charge each customer/user a monthly fee for 911 services. IC 36-8-16.7-32(a) and IC 36-8-16.6-11 states the fee for all communication services used by the customer/user are billed one dollar, (\$1.00) per month. Providers and/or retailers are permitted to retain a percentage of the fee collected for administrative purposes. The remaining amount must be remitted to the Board for deposit into the fund. Prepaid fees are remitted by the retailer to the Indiana Department of Revenue and subsequently transferred to the Board.

<u>Cash</u> – The Board considers cash to be cash on hand and in demand accounts. Cash is held by PNC Bank. At times, such cash may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. However, additional coverage is provided by the Indiana Public Deposit Insurance Fund for funds that exceed the FDIC limits. The cash balance is held in a demand checking account.

<u>Accounts receivable</u> — The Board accounts for fees earned through year end, but not yet collected in the accounts receivable account. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts as all accounts are considered collectable as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

<u>Other receivables</u> – Other receivables consist of an amount from the State of Indiana. The Board paid fees upfront for which they will be reimbursed.

<u>Prepaid expenses</u> – Prepaid expenses consists of expenditures for assets that have not yet been fully utilized. The Board amortizes these expenses over the expected life of assets.

<u>Capital assets</u> – Additions to capital assets are capitalized at cost. The cost of maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation of capital assets is computed by the straight-line method of depreciation using the following useful lives: computer equipment and website design – 3 years; furniture – 6 years, and vehicles – 9 years.

<u>Accrued hold harmless distributions</u> – The Board accounts for monthly PSAP distributions not yet disbursed. Additionally, the non-compliant reserve for any county that had not consolidated its PSAPs in compliance with IC 36-8-16.7-47 has its distributions held in reserve until such time that it is in compliance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# (1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accrued 90/10 distributions – If any fees remain in the fund after distributions according to IC 36-8-16.7-37(2) shall be distributed in compliance with IC 36-8-16.7-37(3). Ninety percent (90%) of the fees shall be distributed to the counties based upon each county's percentage of the state's population. Ten percent (10%) of the fees shall be distributed equally among the counties.

<u>Revenue recognition</u> – The Board accounts for its operations on an accrual basis where fees earned and expenditures incurred are recorded in the period earned and incurred. Operating revenue consist of fees collected for all communication services used by the customer/user as described in IC 36-8-16.7-32(a) and IC 36-8-16.6-11. All other items are considered nonoperating.

<u>Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – The Board's resources are classified for accounting and financial reporting purposes as restricted for distribution to county government for operation of PSAP and to accomplish board responsibilities. Board expenses are to administer the chapter and develop, operate, and maintain a statewide 911 system.

<u>Subsequent events</u> – Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 12, 2023, the date of which the financial statements were available for distribution.

### (2) Pension plan

#### **Plan Description**

The Statewide 911 Board is a participating employer of the Public Employees' Hybrid plan (PERF Hybrid), and its employees are participating members. PERF Hybrid is part of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) and consists of two components: the Public Employees' Defined Benefit Account (PERF DB), the monthly employer-funded defined benefit component, and the Public Employees' Hybrid Members Defined Contribution Account (PERF DC), a member-funded account.

PERF Hybrid is administered by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS). INPRS issues a publicly available financial report, including PERF Hybrid, that may be obtained at http://www.inprs.in.gov/.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## (2) Pension plan (continued)

### Public Employees' Defined Benefit Account

PERF DB is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit fund providing retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to full-time employees of the State not covered by another plan and those political subdivisions (counties, cities, townships, and other governmental units) that elect to participate in the retirement fund. Administration of the fund is generally in accordance with IC 5-10.2, IC 5-10.3, IC 5-10.5, 35 IAC 1.2, and other Indiana pension law.

### Eligibility for Pension Benefit Payment

Full Retirement Benefit: A member is entitled to a full retirement benefit at 1) at age 65 with at least 10 years of creditable service (eight years for certain elected officials), 2) at age 60 with at least 15 years of creditable service, 3) at age 55 if age and creditable service total at least 85, 4) at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service and active as an elected official in the PERF-covered position, or 5) at age 70 with 20 years of creditable service and still active in the PERF-covered position.

Early Retirement Benefit: A member is entitled to an early retirement benefit at age 50 and a minimum of 15 years of creditable service. The benefit is 44% of full benefits at age 50, increasing 5% per year up to 89% at age 59.

Disability Benefit: An active member qualifying for Social Security disability with five years of creditable service may receive an unreduced retirement benefit for the duration of disability.

Survivor Benefit: If a member dies after June 30, 2018, a spouse or dependent beneficiary of a member with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service receives a benefit as if the member retired the later of age 50 or the age the day before the member's death. If a member dies while receiving a benefit, a beneficiary receives the benefit associated with the member's selected form of payment.

#### **Contribution Rates**

Contributions are determined by the INPRS Board and are based on a percentage of covered payroll. If determined to be necessary by the actuaries of INPRS, the INPRS Board updates the percentage of covered payroll annually effective July 1. Employers currently contribute 11.2% of covered payroll. No member contributions are required. The Board's contributions to PERF DB were \$42,034 and \$41,262 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

# Benefit Formula and Postretirement Benefit Adjustment

The lifetime annual benefit equals years of creditable service multiplied by the average highest five-year annual salary multiplied by 1.1% (minimum of \$180 per month). Postretirement benefit increases are granted on an ad hoc basis pursuant to IC 5-10.2-12.4 and administered by the INPRS Board.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

## (2) Pension plan (continued)

#### Public Employees' Defined Contribution Account

PERF DC is a multiple-employer defined contribution fund providing retirement benefits to full-time employees of the State not covered by another plan and those political subdivisions (counties, cities, townships, and other governmental units) that elect to participate in the retirement fund. Administration of the account is generally in accordance with IC 5-10.2, IC 5-10.3, 35 IAC 1.2, and other Indiana pension law.

#### **Contribution Rates**

Member contributions under PERF DC are set by statute and the INPRS Board at 3% of covered payroll. The employer may choose to make these contributions on behalf of the member. The Board made no contributions to PERF DC for the year ended June 30, 2023. Under certain limitations, voluntary post-tax member contributions up to 10% of compensation can be made solely by the member.

#### **Benefit Terms**

Members (or their beneficiaries) are entitled to the sum total of contributions plus earnings 30 days after separation from employment (retirement, termination, disability, or death) or upon providing proof of the member's qualification for Social Security disability benefits. The amount may be paid in a lump sum, partial lump sum, direct rollover to another eligible retirement plan, or a monthly annuity. PERF DC members are 100% vested in their account balance.

### **Significant Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability is determined using an actuarial valuation performed by the actuaries of INPRS, which involves estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service, etc.) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations, etc.). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to review and modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are developed.

Key methods, assumptions, and dates of experience studies used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation are included in the publicly available financial report published by INPRS. In addition, the INPRS financial report includes a target asset allocation and geometric real rates of return expected to be realized in calculating the total pension liability, as well as how those rates of return were determined.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# (2) Pension plan (continued)

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability of the Plan calculated using the discount rate 6.25%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.25%), or one percentage point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.25%)		Current (6.25%)	 1% Increase (7.25%)
2023 \$	269,063	. \$_	159,269	\$ 67,692
2022 \$	156,589	\$_	59,871	\$ (20,805)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$159,269 and \$59,871, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board's wages as a proportion of total wages for the PERF Hybrid Plan. The proportionate share used at the June 30, 2023 and 2022 measurement dates was 0.0000505 percent and 0.0000455 percent, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Board recognized pension expense of \$35,449 and \$527, respectively, which included net amortization of deferred amounts from changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$23,653 and (\$10,073), respectively. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the PERF Hybrid Plan from the following sources:

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	Dete	rred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of	Resources		of Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	10,399	\$	6,707
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		3,434		606
Net difference of projected and actual investment earnings		19,655		-
Change of assumptions		21,572		6,814
Contribution subsequent to the measurement date		42,034	_	-
Total, year ending June 30, 2023	\$	97,094	\$	14,127

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# (2) Pension plan (continued)

		red Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of	Resources	_	of Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	7,440	\$	14,580
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		2,048		1,195
Net difference of projected and actual investment earnings		-		77,737
Change of assumptions		30,116		13,448
Contribution subsequent to the measurement date		41,262	_	
Total, year ending June 30, 2022	\$	80,866	\$_	106,960

Amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

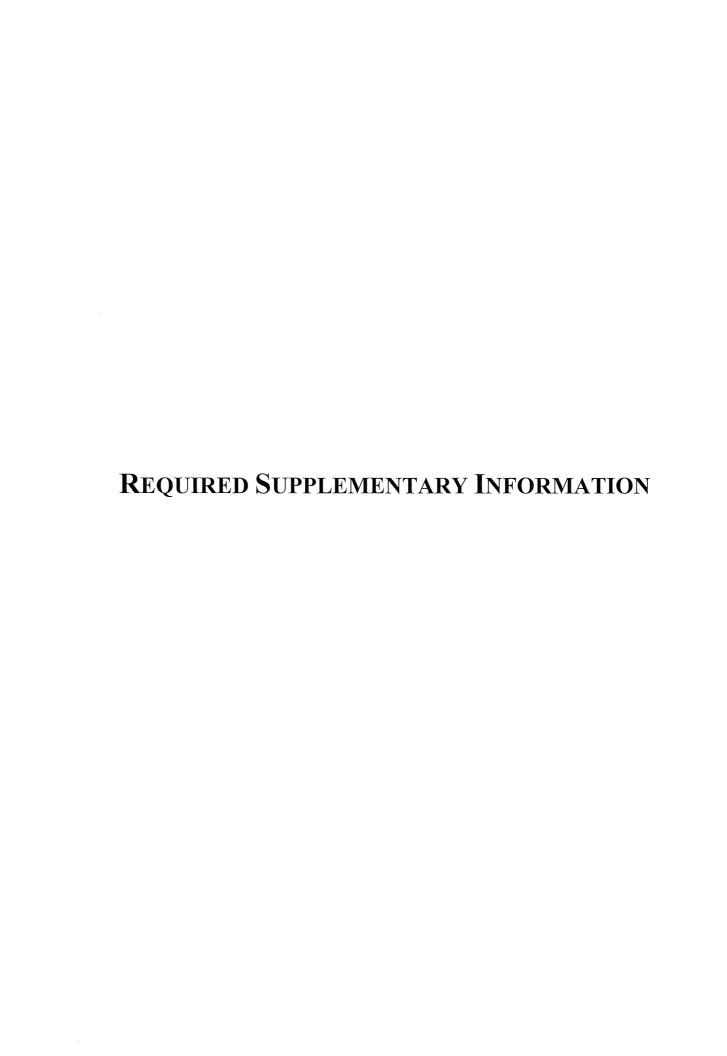
#### Fiscal Year Ending June 30:

2024	\$	4,110
2025		16,419
2026		(386)
2027		20,790
Total	\$_	40,933

### (3) Federal grant

On August 9, 2019, the Board was awarded a Federal Grant of \$2,800,000 through the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The funds which will be distributed to PSAPs in the State for qualifying projects. The funding will provide basic improvements such as providing digital and IP network capabilities to 911 emergency call centers and will assist implementation of advanced mapping systems that will make it easier to identify a 911 caller's location. NG911 will help 911 call centers manage call overload, as call-takers will be able to transfer calls, messages and data between public safety answering points that are interconnected to the IP network. The 911 Grant Program also provides funding for training costs directly related to NG911 implementation.

During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, grant income amounted to \$0 and \$678,645 and grant expenses amounted to \$0 and \$678,378, respectively.



# Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Pension Liability

# Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Charles and a second assessment	_	2023	e —	2022	φ-	2021	<sub>e</sub> -	2020	_	2019	_	2018	φ-	2017	_	2016	Φ	2015
Statutorily required contribution	Ъ	32,544	Ъ	28,083	Ъ	27,481	Ъ	31,199	Þ	25,674	\$	28,389	\$	22,367	\$	16,150	\$	14,805
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_	32,544	_	28,083		27,481	_	31,199	_	25,674		28,389	. —	22,367	_	16,150	. —	14,805
Deficit (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	290,576	\$	250,740	\$	245,370	\$	278,561	\$	229,231	\$	253,469	\$	199,707	\$	144,185	\$	132,177
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%		11.2%

<sup>\*</sup> The effect and cost to re-create financial statement information for 10 years was not practical. Information was prepared prospectively from June 30, 2015 for GASB Statement No. 68 purposes.

# **Retirement Plan Schedule of Contributions**

# Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	-	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Board's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0000505		0.0000455		0.0000455		0.0000535		0.0000449		0.0000511		0.0000417		0.0000301		0.0000271
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	159,269	\$	59,871	\$	137,428	\$	176,821	\$	152,527	\$	227,985	\$	189,253	\$	122,594	\$	71,217
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	290,576	\$	250,740	\$	245,370	\$	278,561	\$	229,231	\$	253,469	\$	199,707	\$	144,185	\$	132,177
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		54.8%		23.9%		56.0%		63.5%		66.5%		89.9%		94.8%		85.0%		53.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.5%		92.5%		81.4%		80.1%		78.9%		76.6%		75.3%		77.4%		77.4%

<sup>\*</sup> The effect and cost to re-create financial statement information for 10 years was not practical. Information was prepared prospectively from June 30, 2015 for GASB Statement No. 68 purposes.



# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government* Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors of Statewide 911 Board

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Statewide 911 Board (the "Board"), a component unit of the State of Indiana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issue our report thereon dated December 12, 2023.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LWG CPAs & Advisors

ZWM CPla & advisors

Indianapolis, Indiana

December 12, 2023



December 12, 2023

Statewide 911 Board 10 West Market Street, Suite 2420 Indianapolis, IN 46204

To the Board of Directors of the Statewide 911 Board

We have audited the financial statements of the Statewide 911 Board for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023. As part of our reporting requirements, the Indiana State Board of Accounts (SBOA) has requested that we make the following certification regarding the Statewide 911 Board's compliance with Indiana Code Title 36, Article 8, Chapter 16.7, Section 37, as defined below:

- 1) The Board retained 20.6% of fees collected during the fiscal year, which represented the operating expenses necessary to develop, operate, and maintain the statewide 911 system. The fees retained by the Board were in excess of the 10% limit, as allowed by Indiana Code Title 36, Article 8, Chapter 16.7, Section 37, Subsection B, which permits the Board to retain fees in a manner that does not impair the ability of the Board to fulfill its management and administrative obligations.
- 2) The Board distributed, to the Indiana counties, distributions as defined in Indiana Code Title 36, Article 8, Chapter 16.7, Section 37.
- 3) The Board did distribute, to the Indiana counties, a portion of the remaining 911 fees in 2023, after the Board's administrative expense and distribution. Ninety percent of this disbursement was paid based upon each counties percentage of the state's population. Ten percent of this disbursement was paid in an equal payment. The Board will accumulate the surplus for the year in a reserve fund.

This letter is supplementary information that is included as part of the financial statements and notes of the Statewide 911 Board. It is intended solely for the use of management and the Indiana State Board of Accounts, and should not be used for any other purposes.

LWG CPAs & Advisors

LWB CPla & advisors



December 12, 2023

Board of Directors Indiana Statewide 911 Board 10 West Market Street, Suite 2420 Indianapolis, IN 46204

We have audited the financial statements of the Indiana Statewide 911 Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

# Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated September 26, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of its respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Statewide 911 Board solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our comments regarding significant control deficiencies and other matters noted during our audit in a separate letter to you dated December 12, 2023.

# Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

### Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

### Significant Risks Identified

We have identified the following significant risks:

Management override of controls – Due to the size of the Company and the limited accounting staff there is a significant risk of management over ride of controls.

Cash – The company receives cash and other forms of payment from customers and pays invoices to vendors. We consider this a significant risk, specifically related to misappropriation of assets.

# Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by Statewide 911 Board is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2023. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

#### Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the Company's financial statements relate to: Pension Plan and Federal Grant.

#### Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

#### **Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements**

For purposes of this communication, professional standards also require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole. There were no uncorrected financial statement misstatements whose effects in the current and prior periods, as determined by management, are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. Uncorrected misstatements or matters underlying those uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements currently under audit.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. There were no misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures that were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to Statewide 911 Board's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

#### Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management that are included in the attached letter dated December 12, 2023.

#### **Management's Consultations with Other Accountants**

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultation with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

# Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the Company, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, significant events or transactions that occurred during the year, business conditions affecting the entity, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the Company's auditors.

This information is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Statewide 911 Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

LWG CPAs & Advisors

LWK CPRA & advisors